



## Developing A Safety Culture Within Your Organization

### Safety Culture



- ▶ Safety culture has been defined as “the observable degree of effort by which organizational members direct their actions toward improving safety on a daily basis.” Translated, this means that health and safety should be incorporated into everything we do at the workplace as a belief system supported by processes and resources structured to manage injury risk

## Responsibilities



- ▶ The facility management team is responsible for the philosophy and safety culture visibility program within that facility

## Management



- ▶ Appoints responsible individual to coordinate health and safety activities throughout all operations.
- ▶ Integrates the organizations philosophy and a safety vision into the management process and communicates both to all employees.
- ▶ Relates the importance of safety at plant-wide meetings and periodically polls employee safety perceptions/attitudes - a crucial step in obtaining feedback on the program effectiveness.
- ▶ Establishes expectations, responsibilities and accountability for safety.

## Management (Continued)



- ▶ Ensures that safety concerns are handled as priorities.
- ▶ Establishes annual health and safety goals and objectives.
- ▶ Assigns measurable/quantifiable safety responsibilities to all managers (coordinators, supervisors, area managers etc.).
- ▶ Includes safety as a component in performance reviews of all personnel considered to be management (manufacturing and distribution).

## Supervisor



- ▶ Familiar with, explains and enforces specific job related safety protocols.
- ▶ Ensures that safety devices and PPE are used, where applicable.
- ▶ Conducts frequent safety inspections.
- ▶ Conducts weekly safety briefings orally to department.

## Supervisor (Continued)



- ▶ Conducts or assures proper health and safety training.
- ▶ Ensures that employees are aware of hazards.
- ▶ Provides employee consultation on safety issues.
- ▶ Ensures that injuries are treated and reported promptly.

## Supervisor (Continued)



- ▶ Investigates all accidents.
- ▶ Acts upon all hazardous conditions reported by workers.
- ▶ Sets a good example by following safe work practices

## Health & Safety Manager



- ▶ Informs management of safety and health issues and needs.
- ▶ Advises operational management of required and necessary health and safety training and personnel issues related to health and safety.
- ▶ Assists management and supervisors in training.
- ▶ Develops facility specific health and safety regulatory and best practices programs and provides technical guidance.

## Health & Safety Manager (Continued)



- ▶ Maintains health and safety records.
- ▶ Monitors completion of safety and health responsibilities.
- ▶ Measures health and safety performance.
- ▶ Evaluates injury risks and helps assure regulatory compliance.

## Health & Safety Manager (Continued)



- ▶ Investigates all accidents.
- ▶ Motivates, trains and is responsible for developing and training the facility safety team.

## Employees



- ▶ Conducts work activities in compliance with health and safety rules.
- ▶ Reports unsafe conditions to supervisor.
- ▶ Accepts personal responsibility for a safer workplace.
- ▶ Assists safety team and safety coordinator with safety suggestions.

## Employees (Continued)



- ▶ Reports injuries, accidents or near misses to supervisor.
- ▶ Promotes safety with fellow employees.
- ▶ Participates in safety goal and objective attainment

## Accountability



- ▶ Measures must be taken to hold employees, supervisors, managers and staff members accountable for various elements of the health and safety program. Items that will assist with accountability are:
  - ▶ Health and safety training.
  - ▶ The facility performance appraisal program.
  - ▶ The facility disciplinary action program.
  - ▶ Positive reinforcement.

A safety culture is the result of:



- ▶ The attitudes of management and employees regarding the value of safety in the workplace.
- ▶ The development, maintenance and enforcement of policies, procedures, and processes.
- ▶ Line or staff responsibility and accountability for minimizing potential for injury risk.
- ▶ Ensuring that effective disciplinary procedures are developed, practiced, and consistently enforced.

A safety culture is the result of:  
(Continued)



- ▶ Actions in response to unsafe behavior.
- ▶ Ensuring that job training, including health and safety training, is comprehensive and effective.
- ▶ Making resources available and forecasting future needs in the overall business plan.

## Panel discussion



- ▶ Mark Styers
- ▶ Hillary Whitney
- ▶ Gary Clark
- ▶ Andy Metsker
- ▶ Dean Hiles
- ▶ David Burke

# Do you have any questions regarding How to Establish a Safety Culture within your Organization?

Please bring questions for the panel to answer during a brief Q & A.

Question examples include:

How do I obtain management commitment and employee engagement?

How do I hold employees and managers accountable/ responsible?

How do I implement this type of program?

Why is it important to have a good safety culture?